

Constructing finite difference schemes.

Example: 4th order, CIS finite difference scheme for the first derivative: f'

Start with:

$$(1) f_{m+2} = f_m + f_m^i \{2D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{4D^2/2!\} + f_m^{iii} \{8D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{16D^4/4!\} + f_m^v \{32D^5/5!\} + \dots$$

$$(2) f_{m+1} = f_m + f_m^i \{D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{D^2/2!\} + f_m^{iii} \{D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{D^4/4!\} + f_m^v \{D^5/5!\} + \dots$$

$$(3) f_{m-1} = f_m - f_m^i \{D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{D^2/2!\} - f_m^{iii} \{D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{D^4/4!\} - f_m^v \{D^5/5!\} + \dots$$

$$(4) f_{m-2} = f_m - f_m^i \{2D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{4D^2/2!\} - f_m^{iii} \{8D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{16D^4/4!\} - f_m^v \{32D^5/5!\} + \dots$$

Consider the sum: $P^*(1) + Q^*(2) + R^*(3) + S^*(4)$ as follows:

$$P^* [f_{m+2} = f_m + f_m^i \{2D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{4D^2/2!\} + f_m^{iii} \{8D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{16D^4/4!\} + f_m^v \{32D^5/5!\} + \dots]$$

$$Q^* [f_{m+1} = f_m + f_m^i \{D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{D^2/2!\} + f_m^{iii} \{D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{D^4/4!\} + f_m^v \{D^5/5!\} + \dots]$$

$$R^* [f_{m-1} = f_m - f_m^i \{D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{D^2/2!\} - f_m^{iii} \{D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{D^4/4!\} - f_m^v \{D^5/5!\} + \dots]$$

$$S^* [f_{m-2} = f_m - f_m^i \{2D/1!\} + f_m^{ii} \{4D^2/2!\} - f_m^{iii} \{8D^3/3!\} + f_m^{iv} \{16D^4/4!\} - f_m^v \{32D^5/5!\} + \dots]$$

Summing up the columns above gives:

column on the LHS =

$$(5) \quad P^* f_{m+2} + Q^* f_{m+1} + R^* f_{m-1} + S^* f_{m-2}$$

1st column on RHS =

$$(6) \quad (P + Q + R + S) f_m$$

2nd column on RHS =

$$(7) \quad f_m^i \{D/1!\} (2P + Q - R - 2S)$$

3rd column on RHS =

$$(8) \quad f_m^{ii} \{D^2/2!\} (4P + Q + R + 4S)$$

4th column on RHS =

$$(9) \quad f_m^{iii} \{D^3/3!\} (8P + Q - R - 8S)$$

5th column on RHS =

$$(10) \quad f_m^{iv} \{D^4/4!\} (16P + Q + R + 16S)$$

6th column on RHS =

$$(11) \quad f_m^v \{D^5/5!\} (32P + Q - R - 32S)$$

To eliminate a term set the sum in the () = 0. for that column.

For a 4th order centered in space scheme, set the () terms separately to zero in (8) – (10):

$$(12) \quad 4*P + Q + R + 4*S = 0.$$

$$(13) \quad 8*P + Q - R - 8*S = 0.$$

$$(14) \quad 16*P + Q + R + 16*S = 0.$$

Note that in this case we don't touch (11) because that will be the first term in the remainder.

And, set the () terms in (7) = 1.

$$(15) \quad 2*P + Q - R - 2*S = 1.$$

Solve for P, Q, R, and S. Note that

$$(14) - (12) = 12*P + 12S = 0. \quad \rightarrow \quad P = -S \quad (16)$$

Also,

$$4*(12)-(14) = 3*Q + 3*R = 0. \quad \rightarrow \quad Q = -R \quad (17)$$

Substitute (16) and (17) into the eqns not yet used: (13) and (15) to get:

$$16*P + 2*Q = 0. \quad \rightarrow \quad 8*P + Q = 0. \quad (18)$$

$$4*P + 2*Q = 1. \quad \rightarrow \quad 2*P + Q = 1. \quad (19)$$

Thus:

$$(18)-(19) = 6*P = -1 \quad \rightarrow \quad P = -1./6. \quad (20)$$

$$\text{From (16)} \quad \rightarrow \quad S = 1./6. \quad (21)$$

$$\text{From (18)} \quad -8/6 + Q = 0. \quad \rightarrow \quad Q = 4./3. \quad (22)$$

$$\text{From (17)} \quad \rightarrow \quad R = -4./3. \quad (23)$$

Reconstructing the finite difference scheme, using (5)-(7):

$$f_m^i = \{ (5) - (6) \} / D$$

$$(24) \quad f_m^i = \{ P* f_{m+2} + Q*f_{m+1} + R*f_{m-1} + S*f_{m-2} - (P + Q + R + S)*f_m \} / D$$

Substituting (20)-(23) yields the desired finite difference formula:

$$(25) \quad f_m^i = \{ -1/6 f_{m+2} + 4/3 f_{m+1} - 4/3 f_{m-1} + 1/6 f_{m-2} \} / D$$

where it turns out that $P + Q + R + S = 0$.

Note this simple check: if you sum the coefficients up inside the { } in (25) they should and do equal zero.